## Performance Based Hazard Reduction, 2006 Proposed Rule Language for 45 Day Notice Published August 26, 2005

## Adopt: 957 Hazard Reduction [Southern Forest District]

In the Southern Forest District, the plan submitter may apply either the general hazard reduction rules under 14 CCR § 957.2 through 957.8 or the following performance based rules under 14 CCR § 957.11 through 957.12. The application of performance based rules shall be at the discretion of the plan submitter. The plan shall specify whether the performance based rules apply or whether the general rules apply. The performance based rules shall expire December 31, 2009.

## Adopt: 957.11 Performance Based Hazard Reduction

The purpose of these rules is to:

- (a) provide a level of fire and pest protection to property and resources that meets or exceeds the intent of protection provided under 14 CCR § 957 through 957.8.
- (b) provide for the treatment of snags and logging slash in order to reduce fire and pest safety hazards in the logging area, to protect such area from potential insect and disease attack, and to prepare the area for natural or artificial reforestation while retaining wildlife habitat and protection of the beneficial uses of water.
- (c) provide direction to RPFs preparing plans which, for the purposes of this section, include THPs, MTHPs, NTMPs, PTEIRs, Notices

of Emergency Timber Operations except 14 CCR § 1052.4, and any

Exemptions Notices pursuant to 14 CCR §§ 1038 and 1104.1 except

1038(i),

- (d) provide direction to the timber operator conducting timber operations,
- (e) provide direction to the Department in its review, approval, inspection and monitoring programs.

## Adopt: 957.12 Treatment of Logging Slash to Reduce Fire Hazard

The following shall apply to the treatment of slash created by timber operations within the plan area and on roads adjacent to the plan area, but excluding appurtenant roads.

(a) The RPF preparing the plan shall include a description of all slash treatments to be utilized and the portion(s) of the plan area in which each will be utilized. In proposing slash treatments, the RPF shall consider the estimated amount and distribution of slash to be created by the operation, type of remaining vegetation, topography, climate, and degree of public exposure fire history.

At a minimum, the plan shall address the following:

- (1) The timing of treatment application including the time during which burning shall be accomplished.
- (2) The necessary precautions to be employed to confine the burning to the piled slash or the area proposed for broadcast burning.
- (3) The necessary precautions to be employed to protect other resources such as wildlife and the beneficial uses of water.

- (4) The treatment of slash adjacent to the edge of the traveled surface of public roads and permanent and seasonal private roads open for public use where permission to pass is not required
- (5) The treatment of slash adjacent to permanently located structures maintained for human habitation.
- (b) Treatment shall be conducted in accordance with the following:
- (1) Burning shall be done at a safe time only after the heavy fall rains and shall be completed before the start of fire season in the area and according to laws and regulations, including air quality requirements.
- (2) Piles and concentrations shall be sufficiently free of soil and other noncombustible material for effective burning.
- (3) Piles and concentrations that fail to burn sufficiently to remove the fire hazard shall be further treated to eliminate that hazard.
- (4) Slash burning operations and fire hazard abatement operations shall be conducted in a manner which will not damage residual trees and reproduction to the extent that they will not qualify to meet the silvicultural and stocking requirements of the rules.
- (5) In order to determine whether the plan conforms with the Act and the Rules of the Board, the Director may request and the RPF shall supply the information the RPF considered under 14 CCR § 917.12(a) regarding the estimated amount and distribution of slash to

be created by the operation, type of remaining vegetation, topography, climate, and degree of public exposure fire history.

- by the Director or the RPF, the Director may require the timberland

  owner to obtain a project-type burning permit prior to burning and the

  terms of the permit shall be adhered to while burning.
- (7) The local representative of the Director shall be notified in advance of the time and place of any burning of logging slash. Any burning shall be done in the manner provided by Law.

Note: Authority cited: Sections 4551 and 4562, Public Resources Code.

Reference: Sections 4523,4513,4551.5 and 4562.